



LATVIJAS REPUBLIKAS  
SAEIMA



■ Saeima and NGO forum

# Cooperation between the Saeima and non-governmental organisations

Non-governmental organisations (NGOs) have an important role in the work of the Saeima.

By evaluating legislative initiatives and submitting proposals, NGOs influence the decisions of the Parliament. The Saeima committees invite NGO representatives as experts to jointly consider matters.

Since 30 March 2006, when the Saeima adopted a declaration on cooperation with NGOs, it has become a tradition to hold an annual forum of the Saeima and NGOs. During the forum, the results of previous cooperation are evaluated and further cooperation scenarios are defined.

## Declaration on the development of a civil society in Latvia and cooperation with non-governmental organisations

Acknowledging the importance of civil society in the sustainable development of the country and its people, as well as the influence of NGOs on the quality of decisions adopted by the Parliament, cooperation between NGOs and the Saeima has to be broadened; moreover, it is necessary to facilitate civil society development and improve the working

environment of NGOs. Cooperation between the Saeima and NGOs creates a closer link between legislators, on the one hand, and society and the individual, on the other hand. With regard to their cooperation, the Saeima and NGOs try to become successful partners in supporting civil society and involving it in the process of preparing laws.

### Aim of the declaration

The aim of this declaration is to ensure civil society development in Latvia, to improve cooperation between the Saeima and NGOs on the basis of mutual understanding and support, and to emphasise the importance of NGO activities in a democratic country.

### Cooperation principles

The Saeima invites society to organise for representing its interests, particularly by using the opportunities offered by the Associations and Foundations Law, as well as to actively participate in decision making on a local, national, and international level. NGOs as an organised part of civil society ensure the above-mentioned goals not by serving narrow commercial and political party and association-related interests but by voicing and supporting interests of broader societal groups.

The Saeima considers NGOs as equal

partners and acknowledges that the participation of NGOs provides an essential contribution in the process of initiating, preparing and assessing laws. By improving access to information and using the results of research carried out by NGO experts, the Saeima ensures the quality of adopted laws. In their cooperation, the Saeima and NGOs observe principles of sustainable development and continuity. The Saeima ensures openness and transparency in developing this cooperation, and it offers equal opportunities to all non-governmental organisations. The Saeima does not support activities which may create favourable conditions for corruption or conflict of interest or which may cause suspicion thereof. The Saeima supports NGOs by drafting legal provisions that facilitate a favourable environment for the development of civil society and NGOs. To strengthen civil society and facilitate the participation of NGOs, the best national and international practices are used.

### The Saeima recognises the need to:

- 1) facilitate the establishment of the legal environment (including a favourable financial and budgetary policy) required for developing and strengthening civil society, as well as for the activities of NGOs; ►



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2) especially support the involvement of regional NGOs in decision making, and, together with these organisations, to develop mechanisms for facilitating participation of regional NGOs on the regional and national level;

3) especially support the creation of NGO cooperation networks and their activities in civil society development, as well as in other areas that benefit the public.

**The Saeima decides to:**

1) regularly assess the cooperation between the Saeima and NGOs and facilitate the exchange of experience of the Saeima committees by promoting the creation of a unified method for involving these organisations in the process of preparing laws;

2) provide for the Saeima as a whole and for each Saeima committee a coordinator responsible for cooperation with NGOs;

3) continuously improve the Saeima website and other mechanisms in order to inform NGOs and society about the work of the Saeima and its committees, as well as to facilitate educating NGOs about participation in the process of preparing laws;

4) involve, according to a specific procedure, representatives of NGOs in the work of the Saeima committees and, within the framework of these committees, hear the opinions and suggestions of NGOs and society about the issues within the competence of the relevant committee;

5) arrange, according to a specific procedure, the consideration of proposals for improving draft laws and draft decisions;

6) organise, not less than once a year, a meeting between the Saeima, along with the leadership of its committees, and NGO representatives, i.e., a forum for assessing the results of the existing cooperation and formulating an agenda for further cooperation;

7) ask the forum to create a cooperation institution whose aim would be to manage and coordinate cooperation between the Saeima and NGOs, as well as to gather and review proposals for developing a civil society and improving cooperation between the Saeima and NGOs. ■